



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/923,842	08/07/2001	Mindaugas F. Dautartas	ACT-142 (1117-6)	2026

110 7590 05/16/2003

DANN DORFMAN HERRELL & SKILLMAN  
SUITE 720  
1601 MARKET STREET  
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103-2307

EXAMINER
----------

BRYANT, DAVID P

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
----------	--------------

3726

DATE MAILED: 05/16/2003

12

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/923,842

Applicant(s)

DAUTARTAS ET AL.

Examiner

David P. Bryant

Art Unit

3726

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

## Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 March 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 15-17 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-14 and 18-22 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

## Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 4 & 7.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Election/Restrictions*

Applicant's election with traverse of Species A in Paper No. 10 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that there is significant overlap in the search and examination of all three species. This is not found persuasive because the species are still considered patentably distinct and the requirement for election is thus proper.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 15-17 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103*

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-14 and 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's admitted prior art (AAPA) in view of Lehman et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,095,697).

AAPA is found on page 4 of the specification, and depicted in Figures 1 and 2 of the Drawings. As shown in Figure 1, passive alignment of micro-chips typically is done using complementary micromachined grooves or cavities 22/32 in conjunction with one or more alignment spheres or ball lenses 40. Although this method is satisfactory for "frontside to

Art Unit: 3726

frontside” alignment, in the case of a “frontside to backside” configuration of chips **20** and **30**, as shown in Figure 2, it is difficult to provide the necessary backside alignment between micro-components positioned on the chips. Figure 2 depicts the micro-components as lenses **50** and grooves **32**, but applicant discloses (e.g. on page 2 of the specification) that the micro-components may also comprise optical fibers.

Therefore, simply stated, AAPA fails to teach a micro-chip assembly, an aligning apparatus, or a method for frontside to backside alignment of two micro-chip substrates, each having a front surface facing the same direction and at least one depression thereon for engagement with at least one alignment element.

Lehman et al. teach a method of micro-chip alignment wherein “frontside to backside” alignment is required between a first substrate **25** and a second substrate **19** to align a micro-component **12** disposed on the first substrate with the second substrate. The second substrate includes a periphery which extends beyond the periphery of the first substrate. To provide the necessary alignment, an aligning apparatus **20** includes positioning features **23** and **22** thereon which engage with corresponding positioning features **16** and **24** disposed on the first and second substrates, respectively. When the positioning features are engaged—**22** with **24** and **23** with **16**—the micro-component **12** on the first substrate is accurately aligned with second substrate **19**. After achieving alignment, the substrates are bonded together with solder or adhesive **43**, maintaining a slight gap between the substrates. Thereafter, the aligning apparatus **20** is removed from the bonded substrates.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided the second substrate with a periphery which extends beyond the

Art Unit: 3726

periphery of the first substrate, and to have used an alignment device in conjunction with positioning features on the first and second substrates, as taught by Lehman et al., to provide the necessary backside alignment between micro-lenses 50 and grooves 32.

Although Lehman et al. utilize ball/socket and keyed surfaces as positioning features, it is well known in the art, as exemplified by Figure 1 of applicant's Drawings, to use micromachined grooves and alignment spheres (or cylinders) as passive positioning features in micro-chip assemblies, and to substitute these positioning features for those utilized by Lehman et al. is deemed to have been an obvious matter of design choice.

The limitations in claims 6, 11, and 14 are deemed to have been obvious matters of design choice, since applicant has not disclosed that depressions created by raised surfaces solves any stated problem attributable to micromachined grooves, and it appears that depressions in either form would perform equally as well.

### *Conclusion*

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The references cited disclose numerous alignment techniques for micro-chips, the majority of them including raised or spherical positioning features.

Telephone inquiries regarding the status of applications or other general questions, by persons entitled to the information, should be directed to the group clerical personnel. In as much as the official records and applications are located in the clerical section of the examining groups, the clerical personnel can readily provide status information. M.P.E.P. 203.08. The Group clerical receptionist number is (703) 308-1148.

If in receiving this Office Action it is apparent to applicant that certain documents are missing, e.g., copies of references cited, form PTO-1449, form PTO-892, etc., requests for copies

Art Unit: 3726

of such papers or other general questions should be directed to Tech Center 3700 Customer Service at (703) 306-5648, or fax (703) 872-9301 or by email to [CustomerService3700@uspto.gov](mailto:CustomerService3700@uspto.gov).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **David Bryant** whose telephone number is **(703) 308-1859**. Draft amendments or proposed changes to the application may be faxed directly to the examiner at any time via RightFAX at (703) 746-4213. The examiner can normally be reached on **Mondays-Thursdays from 6:30 AM to 5:00 PM**.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Vidovich can be reached on 703-308-1513. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1148.

Other helpful telephone numbers are listed for applicant's benefit.

Allowed Files & Publication	(703) 308-6789 or (888) 786-0101
Assignment Branch	(703) 308-9723
Certificates of Correction	(703) 305-8309
Drawing Corrections/Draftsman	(703) 305-8404/8335
Petitions/Special Programs	(703) 305-9285
Terminal Disclaimers	(703) 305-8408
PCT Help Desk	(703) 305-3257

If the information desired is not provided above, or a number has been changed, please call the general information help line below.

Information Help line	1-800-786-9199
Internet PTO-Home Page	<a href="http://www.uspto.gov/">http://www.uspto.gov/</a>



David P. Bryant  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 3726